60 Years of Saskatchewan Advancing the Status of Women

1960s

1964
The Government of Saskatchewan establishes the Women's Division.

1966
Introduction of ethical guidelines that support women in the food and beverage industry.

1970s

1972
The Saskatchewan Human Rights Act authorizes the establishment of the Human Rights Commission.

1973
The Women's Bureau starts to administer the equal pay and maternity leave sections of *The Labour Standards Act.*

1980s

1983
The Women's Affair Act is enacted to provide authority to advance the status of women in Saskatchewan.

1984
The first Saskatchewan Minister Responsible for the Status of Women is appointed.

1990s

1990
Saskatchewan Cancer Agency provides accessible breast cancer screening services on a mobile bus.

1993
The Occupational Health and Safety Act includes sexual harassment as a threat to the health and safety of workers.

1995
Saskatchewan is the first province to enact *The Victims of Domestic Violence Act.*

1996
Saskatchewan establishes the Equal Pay for Work of Equal Value and the Pay Equity Policy Framework.

2000s

2003
The Action Plan for Saskatchewan Women is released.

2007
The Saskatchewan Victims Compensation Appeal Committee is established.

2010s

2013
The *Child Abuse Protocol* is established, providing a coordinated approach to addressing child abuse.

2017
The Victims of Interpersonal Violence Amendment Act is implemented.

The Saskatchewan Employment (Interpersonal Violence Leave) Amendment Act provides survivors of interpersonal violence 10 days of unpaid leave.

2018
Maternity leave amendments make Saskatchewan the province with the longest maternity and adoption leave in Canada with 19 weeks.

Interpersonal Violence Leave is extended to include survivors of all forms of sexual violence.

2020s

2020
Saskatchewan is the first province to implement Clare's Law.

2022
The Protection from Human Trafficking Act is enacted.

2023
Saskatchewan implements Shoppers Menstrual Equity Program, providing free menstrual products to schools, transition houses and women's shelters.

Saskatchewan implements the National Action Plan to End Gender-Based Violence.

2024
Saskatchewan launches phase one of the human trafficking public awareness campaign.