## Preparing for an Emergency

Could you be self-sufficient for 72 hours in an emergency?

Emergencies can occur at any time. In an emergency, response agencies focus their efforts first where the need is greatest. That is why individual emergency preparedness is so important.

It only takes four simple steps to become better prepared to face an emergency.

- Know the risks
- Make a plan
- Get or prepare an emergency kit
- Download the SaskAlert app for your smartphone

## **Know the Risks**

	hey occur.	nappen where yo	u live, then lead	m now to	o protect you and your family		
	☐ Flood	☐ Severe	weather		Fire (includes house		
	☐ Tornado	☐ Train d	lerailment		fires, grass fires or		
	☐ Blizzard	☐ Power	outage		forest fires)		
M	ake a Plan						
					ou were asked to evacuate cy plan should include:		
	A family communications plan  How will you get in touch with each other? Who are your out-of-town contacts that family members could reach during an emergency to connect and share information?						
	List of emergency numbers  Write down the numbers for local police, fire department, family doctor, insurance company, utility companies, and family/friends who can help you in a crisis						
	Evacuation plans What are the two ways you could exit your house in a fire? Where would you stay if you were told to leave your home during a disaster? How would family members with special health concerns or pets be cared for during an emergency?						



## **Emergency Kit**

Items\* you may wish to include in your kit.

Your emergency kit should be able to help your family members (including those with special health concerns and pets) be self-sufficient for at least 72 hours. You can purchase premade kits or assemble your own that you will pack in an easy-to-carry bag(s) or a case-on-wheels.

iteii	is you may wish to include in your kit.			
	Food (non-perishable and easy-to- prepare items, enough for 3 days)		Sleeping bags or blankets	
			Spare clothes, shoes	
	Bottled water (4 litres per person each day for drinking, hygiene, washing)		Playing cards, travel games, other activities for children	
	A manual can opener		Extra car keys	
	Plastic plates and cutlery		Cash	
	Candles and matches/lighter		Whistle (to attract attention, if needed)	
	Garbage bags and zip-lock bags		Photographs of each family member and	
	First-aid kits		pets (write their age, weight, height and other characteristics on the back)  Items for babies and small children like	
	Medications and copies of prescriptions			
	Hand sanitizer or moist towelettes			
	Personal items (soap, toothpaste/	_	diapers, formula, bottles and baby food	
	toothbrush, shampoo, comb, etc.)	Ц	Copies of important papers, such as insurance, driver's licence, passports,	
	Flashlight		birth/marriage certificates, wills, etc.	
	Radio (crank or battery-run)		Printed procedures to shut off home	
	Extra batteries		utilities (water, electricity, gas)	

\* Your kit should be tailored to your family's needs. For example, you may need to develop specific plans and store emergency food and supplies for family members with specific medical conditions.

The local evacuation or reception centre may not allow your pet(s) to stay with you, so you may need to develop specialized plans and have emergency food and supplies stored for each of your animals.

Check and refresh your kit twice a year including all expiry dates and replace food and water with a fresh supply. Check batteries and replace as needed.

You should also keep your cell phone or mobile device fully charged in case you need it during an emergency.

For more tips and ideas to help with emergency preparedness, visit Public Safety Canada at <a href="https://www.publicsafety.gc.ca">www.publicsafety.gc.ca</a>.